Certificate of Analysis – Certified Reference Material

CALCIUM-D-PANTOTHENATE

Product no.:	PHR1232-500MG	но о н н он
Lot no.:	LRAD4419	H ₃ C
Description of CRM:	White Powder	но н н н в в с он
Expiry date:	30 April 2027	
Storage:	Refrigerator/Protected from light	
Certificate version:	LRAD4419.1 (Note: Certificates may be updated due to Pharmacopeial Lot Changes or the availability of new data. Check our website at: <u>www.sigma-aldrich.com</u> for the most current version.)	
Chemical formula:	$C_{18}H_{32}CaN_2O_{10}$	
Molecular mass:	476.5	
CAS No.:	137-08-6	

Analyte	Certified Purity ± associated uncertainty U, U=k · u (k=) (Mass Balance/ basis)97.4 % Ucrm = ± 0.4 %, k = 4.3 (as is basis)99.98 % Ucrm = ± 0.05 %, k = 2.0 (anhydrous basis)	
Calcium-D-Pantothenate		
Metrological traceability:	Traceable to the SI and higher order standards from NIST through an unbroken chain of comparisons. Additional traceability to Primary Standards is established through comparative assay determinations. See "Details on metrological traceability" on page 2.	
Measurement method:	Where applicable, the certified value is based on a purity determination by mass balance. See "Certification process details" on page 3.	
Intended use:	Intended for R&D and Analytical Use only. Not for drug, household or other uses.	
Minimum sample size:	10 mg	
Instructions for handling and correct use:	This is the anhydrous form. The end user must determine the appropriate basis for testing for their application. For anhydrous basis applications, determine the water content titrimetrically at the time of use. For dried basis applications, dry at 105 °C for 3 hours prior to use. For as is basis applications, do not dry use on the as is basis. The internal pressure of the container may be slightly different from the atmospheric pressure at the user's location. Open slowly and carefully to avoid dispersion of the material. Attachment of a 20 mm aluminum crimp seal recommended for unused portions.	
Health and safety information:	All chemical reference materials should be considered potentially hazardous and should be used only by qualified laboratory personnel. Please refer to the Safety Data Sheet for detailed information about the nature of any hazard and appropriate precautions to be taken.	
Accreditation:	Sigma-Aldrich RTC is accredited by the US accreditation authority ANAB as a registered reference material producer AR-1470 in accordance with ISO 17034.	
Certificate issue date:	30 March 2023	



by Ome

Sham Statter

[Andy Ommen; Quality Control]

Shawn Stetler- QA Manager

Sigma-Aldrich RTC, 2931 Soldier Springs Rd. Laramie, WY 82070, USA; Tel. 1 307-742-5452; Fax 1 307-855-831-9211; www.sigmaaldrich.com Sigma-Aldrich RTC is a subsidiary of Merck KGaA, Darmstadt, Germany.

Packaging:	500 mg in amber vial
Details on metrological traceability:	This standard has been gravimetrically prepared using balances that have been fully qualified and calibrated to ISO 17025 requirements. All calibrations utilize NIST traceable weights which are calibrated externally by a qualified ISO 17025 accredited calibration laboratory to NIST standards. Qualification of each balance includes the assignment of a minimum weighing by a qualified and ISO 17025 accredited calibration vendor taking into consideration the balance and installed environmental conditions to ensure compliance with USP tolerances of NMT 0.10% relative error. Fill volume to predetermined specifications is gravimetrically verified throughout the dispensing process using qualified and calibrated balances. Further traceability to a corresponding Primary Standard may be achieved through a direct comparison assay. Where a Primary Standard is available, the assay value will be included in the specified section of the COA.
Associated uncertainty:	Uncertainty values in this document are expressed as Expanded Uncertainty (U_{CRM}) corresponding to the 95% confidence interval. U_{CRM} is derived from the combined standard uncertainty multiplied by the coverage factor k , which is obtained from a t -distribution and degrees of freedom. The components of combined standard uncertainty include the uncertainties due to characterization, homogeneity, long term stability, and short term stability (transport). The components due to stability are generally considered to be negligible unless otherwise indicated by stability studies.

Traceability Assay:

Comparative assay demonstrates direct traceability to Pharmacopeial Standards

ASSAY vs. USP REFERENCE STANDARD (1087009) (anhydrous basis)

ASSAY VALUE	<u>vs. USP LOT</u>
99.4 %	R10000
	Labeled Content = 0.992 mg/mg

ASSAY vs. EP CRS (C0400000) (as is basis)

ASSAY VALUE	vs. EP BATCH
96.9 %	5.0
	Labeled Content = None
	Assigned Content = 95.9% *
*The assigned content of the I	EP CRS was determined by assay against the USP Reference Standard

Method: HPLC (ref.: Calcium-D-Pantothenate, Current Compendial Monographs)

Column: Ascentis Express C18 250 x 4.6 mm, 5 μ m particle size Mobile Phase: 3.2 g/L Monobasic Sodium Phosphate in Water (pH 5.5), Acetonitrile (98:2) Flow Rate: 2.0 mL/min Column Temperature: 35 °C Injection Volume: 10 μ L Detector: VWD, Wavelength: 200 nm

Representative Chromatogram from Lot: LRAD4419 Analysis

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mAU		
1000 -		.936 - Calcium D-Pantothenate
800 -		
800 -		
	1	
1		
	1	
1		
1		
	1	
1		
1		
600 -		
	4	
400 -		
400 -	1	
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Certification process details:

The certified purity is determined by mass balance and calculated as

% Purity =
$$(100 - ROI - LOD - H_2O - RS) * (\frac{100 - TCI}{100})$$

- TCI = Total Chromatographic Impurities
- LOD = Loss on Drying
- H_2O = Water content determined by Karl Fischer analysis
- ROI = Residue on Ignition
- RS = Residual Solvents

Methods for impurity determination may be added or deleted as required. The following techniques are applied:

CHROMATOGRAPHIC IMPURITY ANALYSIS

METHOD: HPLC (ref.: Calcium-D-Pantothenate, Current Compendial Monographs)

Column: Ascentis Express C18, 150 mm x 3.0 mm, 2.7 µm particle size Mobile Phase A: 1.56 g/L Sodium phosphate monobasic in water pH:2.5:Acetonitrile (99:1) Mobile Phase B: Acetonitrile Gradient:

Time (min)	%A	%B
0-6	100	0
21-30	50	50
31-37	100	0

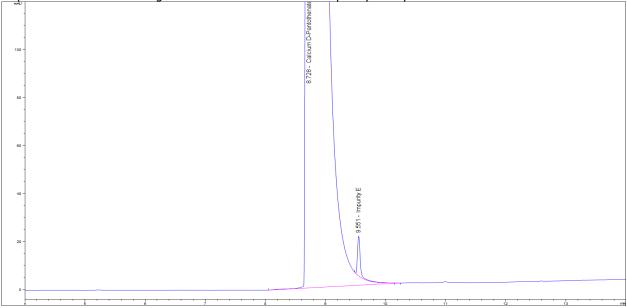
Flow Rate: 1.0 mL/min Column Temperature: 35 °C Injection Volume: 5 µL Detector: DAD Wavelength: 200 nm

Impurities Detected:

Impurity E: 0.018 %

Total Impurities: 0.018 %

Representative Chromatogram from Lot: LRAD4419 Impurity Analysis



RESIDUAL SOLVENTS

Method: GC-MS Headspace (ref.: Adapted from Residual Solvents USP <467>) Column: SPB-624, 30 m x 0.25 mm x 1.4 µm Carrier gas: He Flow: 1.0 mL/min Split Ratio: 5:1 Injection/Temperature: 1 mL/180 °C Temperature Program: 40 °C for 5 min, 8 °C/min to 200 °C, hold 5 min

Solvents Detected: None

LOSS ON DRYING/VOLATILES

Method: 105 °C (ref.: Current Compendial Monographs) Mean of three measurements, Loss = **2.56 %**

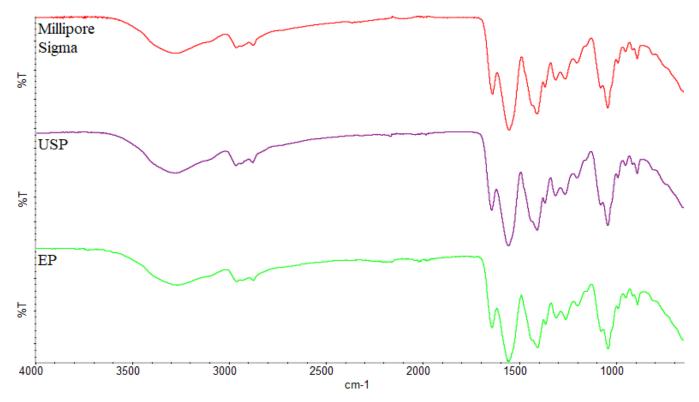
CERTIFIED PURITY BY MASS BALANCE

97.4 % Ucrm = ± 0.4 %, k = 4.3 (as is basis) **99.98 %** Ucrm = ± 0.05 %, k = 2.0 (anhydrous basis)

Homogeneity assessment:	Homogeneity was assessed in accordance with ISO Guide 35. Completed units were sampled using a random stratified sampling protocol. The results of chemical analysis were then compared by Single Factor Analysis of Variance (ANOVA). The uncertainty due to homogeneity was derived from the ANOVA. Heterogeneity was not detected under the conditions of the ANOVA.	
	Analytical method: HPLC	Sample size: 10 mg
Stability assessment:	Significance of the stability assessment will be demonstrated if the analytical result of the study and the range of values represented by the Expanded Uncertainty do not overlap the result of the original assay and the range of it values represented by the Expanded Uncertainty. The method employed will usually be the same method used to characterize the assay value in the initia evaluation.	
Long Term Stability Evaluation - An assessment, or re-test, ver Reference Standard may be scheduled, within the 3 year anniv release of a Secondary Standard. The re-test interval will be de case-by-case basis. Short Term Stability Study - It is useful to under reasonably anticipated, short term transport conditions b		neduled, within the 3 year anniversary date of a rd. The re-test interval will be determined on a n Stability Study - It is useful to assess stability

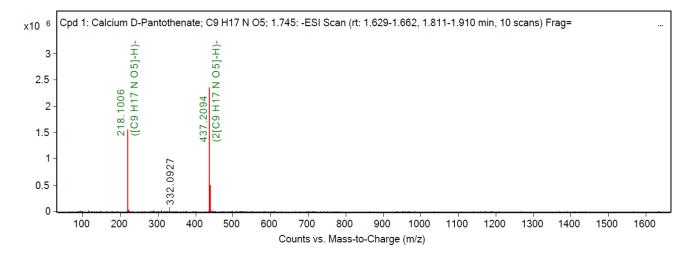
Identification Test:

INFRARED SPECTROPHOTOMETRY (Comparative identification analysis demonstrates direct traceability to Pharmacopeial standards)



MilliporeSigma Lot: LRAD4419 vs. USP Lot: R10000 / EP Batch: 5.0

MASS SPECTRUM



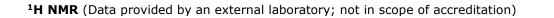
Method: HR-QTOF; 4.0 kV ESI+; temperature: 325 °C

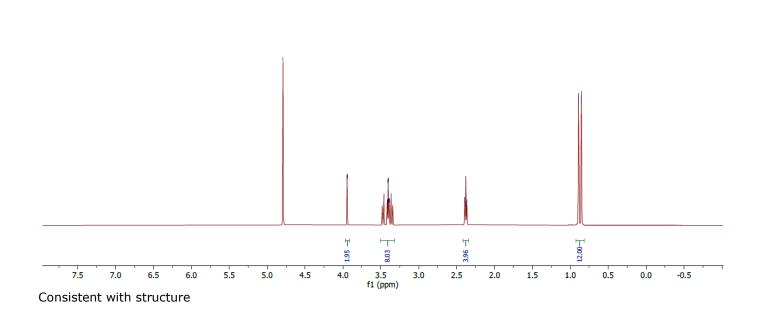
Theoretical value: 218.1029 m/z

The signal of the MS spectrum is consistent with the theoretical value and its interpretation is consistent with the structural formula.

OPTICAL ROTATION

Specification: +25.0° to +27.5° Wavelength: 589 nm Concentration: 50 mg/mL in Water Cell Path: 100 mm Mean of three Measurements = **27.033** °





Certificate of analysis revision history:

Certificate version	Date	Reason for version
LRAD4419.1	30 March 2023	Original Release

Disclaimer:

The purchaser is required to determine the suitability of this product for any particular application. Sigma-Aldrich RTC makes no warranty of any kind, express or implied, other than its products meet all quality control standards set by Sigma-Aldrich RTC. We do not guarantee that the product can be used for any particular application.

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