

### **Certificate of Analysis - Certified Reference Material**

# NIACINAMIDE (Nicotinamide)

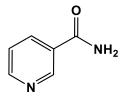
Product no.: PHR1033-1G
Lot no.: LRAD4834

**Description of CRM:** White powder **Expiry date:** 30 June 2027 **Storage:** 2-30 °C

**Certificate version:** LRAD4834.01 (Note: Certificates may be updated due to Pharmacopeial Lot Changes or the availability of new

data. Check our website at: <a href="www.sigma-aldrich.com">www.sigma-aldrich.com</a> for the most current version.)

Chemical formula: $C_6H_6N_2O$ Molecular mass:122.13CAS No.:98-92-0



Analyte	Certified Purity $\pm$ associated uncertainty $U$ , $U=k\cdot u$ ( $k=$ ) (Mass Balance/basis)
Niacinamide	99.7 % Ucrm = ± 0.7 %, k = 2.0 (as is basis)

Metrological traceability: Traceable to the SI and higher order standards from NIST through an unbroken

chain of comparisons. Additional traceability to Primary Standards is established through comparative assay determinations. See "Details on metrological

traceability" on page 2.

**Measurement method:** Where applicable, the certified value is based on a purity determination by mass

balance. See "Certification process details" on page 3.

**Intended use:** Intended for R&D and Analytical Use only. Not for drug, household or other uses

Minimum sample size: 10 mg

**Instructions for handling**and correct use:
Do not dry, use on the as is basis. The internal pressure of the container may be slightly different from the atmospheric pressure at the user's location. Open slowly

slightly different from the atmospheric pressure at the user's location. Open slowly and carefully to avoid dispersion of the material. Attachment of a 20 mm aluminum

crimp seal recommended for unused portions.

**Health and safety**All chemical reference materials should be considered potentially hazardous and should be used only by qualified laboratory personnel. Please refer to the Safety

Data Sheet for detailed information about the nature of any hazard and appropriate

precautions to be taken.

**Accreditation:** Sigma-Aldrich RTC is accredited by the US accreditation authority ANAB as a

registered reference material producer AR-1470 in accordance with ISO 17034.

Certificate issue date: 08 June 2023



ISO 17034 AR-1470 Un Une

[Andy Ommen; Quality Control]

Sham Stoller

[Shawn Stetler; Quality Assurance]



#### Packaging:

1G in amber vial

### Details on metrological traceability:

This standard has been gravimetrically prepared using balances that have been fully qualified and calibrated to ISO 17025 requirements. All calibrations utilize NIST traceable weights which are calibrated externally by a qualified ISO 17025 accredited calibration laboratory to NIST standards. Qualification of each balance includes the assignment of a minimum weighing by a qualified and ISO 17025 accredited calibration vendor taking into consideration the balance and installed environmental conditions to ensure compliance with USP tolerances of NMT 0.10% relative error. Fill volume to predetermined specifications is gravimetrically verified throughout the dispensing process using qualified and calibrated balances. Further traceability to a corresponding Primary Standard may be achieved through a direct comparison assay. Where a Primary Standard is available, the assay value will be included in the specified section of the COA.

#### Associated uncertainty:

Uncertainty values in this document are expressed as Expanded Uncertainty ( $U_{\text{CRM}}$ ) corresponding to the 95% confidence interval.  $U_{\text{CRM}}$  is derived from the combined standard uncertainty multiplied by the coverage factor k, which is obtained from a t-distribution and degrees of freedom. The components of combined standard uncertainty include the uncertainties due to characterization, homogeneity, long term stability, and short term stability (transport). The components due to stability are generally considered to be negligible unless otherwise indicated by stability studies.

#### **Traceability Assay:**

Comparative assay demonstrates direct traceability to Pharmacopeial Standards

#### ASSAY vs. USP REFERENCE STANDARD (1462006) (as is basis)

ASSAY VALUE vs. USP LOT 100.2 % R085S0

Labeled Content = 0.999 mg/mg

#### ASSAY vs. EP CRS (N0600000) (as is basis)

ASSAY VALUE vs. EP BATCH

100.2 % 1.7

Labeled Content = None Assigned Content = 99.69 % \*

#### Method: HPLC (ref.: Niacinamide, Current Compendial Monographs)

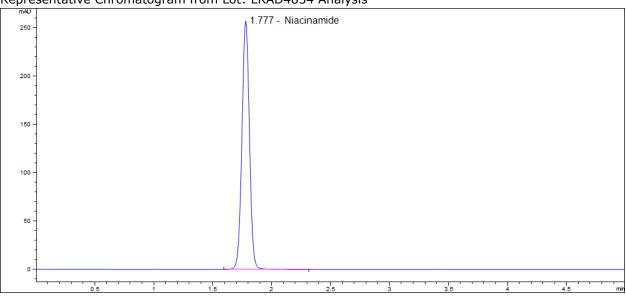
Column: Waters  $\mu$ Bondapak C18, 300mm x 4.6mm, 10 $\mu$ m particle size Mobile Phase: 5 mM Sodium 1-heptanesulfonate in water: methanol (70:30)

Flow Rate: 2.0 mL/min Column Temperature: 40 °C Injection Volume: 20 µL

Detector: DAD, Wavelength: 254 nm

<sup>\*</sup>The assigned content of the EP CRS was determined by assay against the USP Reference Standard

Representative Chromatogram from Lot: LRAD4834 Analysis



#### Certification process details:

The certified purity is determined by mass balance and calculated as

$$\% \ Purity = \left(\frac{(100-TCI)}{100} * \frac{(100-LOD)}{100} * \frac{(100-H2O)}{100} * \frac{(100-RS)}{100}\right) * 100\%$$

- TCI = Total Chromatographic Impurities
- LOD = Loss on Drying
- H<sub>2</sub>O = Water content determined by Karl Fischer analysis
- ROI = Residue on Ignition
- RS = Residual Solvents

Methods for impurity determination may be added or deleted as required. The following techniques are applied:

#### **CHROMATOGRAPHIC IMPURITY ANALYSIS**

#### METHOD: HPLC (ref.: Niacinamide, Current Compendial Monographs)

Column: Ascentis Express C18, 150mm x 4.6mm, 2.7 $\mu$ m particle size

Mobile Phase A: 5 mL/L Dilute acetic acid + 30 mL/L dilute ammonia + 15 mL/L acetonitrile in water

Mobile Phase B: Mobile Phase A: acetonitrile (50:50)

Mobile Phase Ratio (A:B): Gradient

Time (minutes)	% A	% B
0 → 2	98	2
2 → 16	98 → 0	2 → 100
16 → 20	0	100
20 → 21	0 → 98	100 → 2
21 → 25	98	2

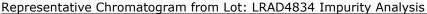
Flow Rate: 1.0 mL/min Column Temperature: 40 °C Injection Volume: 10 µL

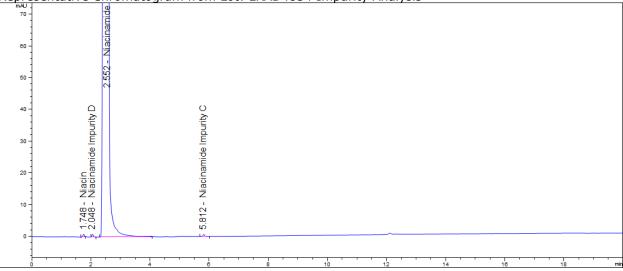
Detector: DAD, Wavelength: 264 nm

Impurities Detected:

Niacin: 0.027 %
Niacinamide Impurity C: 0.016 %
Niacinamide Impurity D: 0.021 %

Total Impurities: 0.064 %





#### **RESIDUAL SOLVENTS**

Method: GC-MS Headspace (ref.: Adapted from Residual Solvents USP <467>)

Column: SPB-624, 30 m x 0.25 mm x 1.4 µm

Carrier gas: He Flow: 1.0 mL/min Split Ratio: 5:1

Injection/Temperature: 1 mL/180 °C

Temperature Program: 40 °C for 5 min, 8 °C/min to 200 °C, hold 5 min

Solvents Detected: None

#### LOSS ON DRYING/VOLATILES

Method: Dry at 105 °C over silica gel for 4 hours (ref.: Current Compendial Monographs)

Mean of three measurements, Loss = 0.24 %

#### **RESIDUE ANALYSIS**

Method: Sulfated Ash (ref.: Current Compendial Monographs)

Sample Size: ~ 300 mg

Mean of three measurements, Residue = 0.013 %

#### **CERTIFIED PURITY BY MASS BALANCE**

**99.7** % 
$$U_{crm} = \pm 0.7$$
 %, k = 2.0 (as is basis)

#### **Homogeneity assessment:** Homogeneity was assessed in accordance with ISO Guide 35. Completed units were

sampled using a random stratified sampling protocol. The results of chemical analysis were then compared by Single Factor Analysis of Variance (ANOVA). The uncertainty due to homogeneity was derived from the ANOVA. Heterogeneity was

not detected under the conditions of the ANOVA.

Analytical method: HPLC Sample size: 10 mg

#### **Stability assessment:** Significance of the stability assessment will be demonstrated if the analytical result

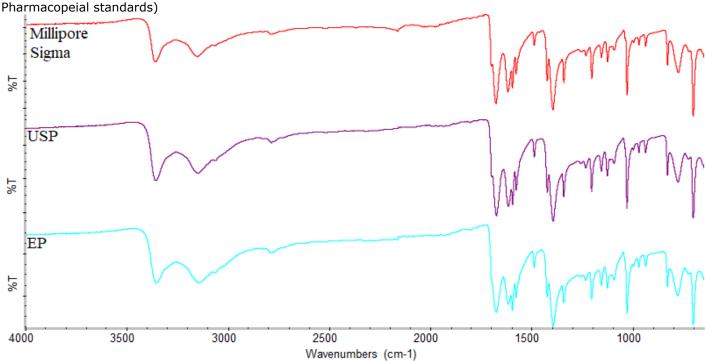
of the study and the range of values represented by the Expanded Uncertainty do not overlap the result of the original assay and the range of its values represented by the Expanded Uncertainty. The method employed will usually be the same

method used to characterize the assay value in the initial evaluation.

Long Term Stability Evaluation - An assessment, or re-test, versus a Compendial Reference Standard may be scheduled, within the 3 year anniversary date of a release of a Secondary Standard. The re-test interval will be determined on a case-by-case basis. Short Term Stability Study - It is useful to assess stability under reasonably anticipated, short term transport conditions by simulating exposure of the product to humidity and temperature stress. This type of study is conducted under controlled conditions of elevated temperature and humidity.

#### **Identification Test:**

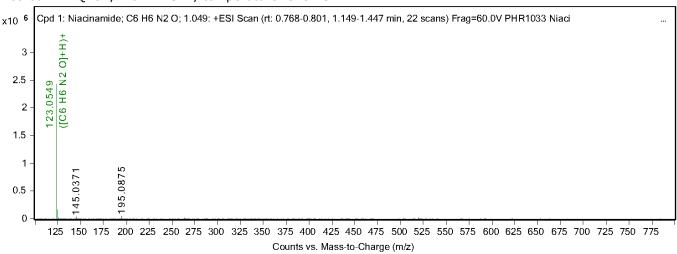
INFRARED SPECTROPHOTOMETRY (Comparative identification analysis demonstrates direct traceability to



Niacinamide PHR1033 LRAD4834 vs USP Lot R085S0 / EP Batch 1.7

## Indicative Values: MASS SPECTRUM

Method: HR-QTOF; 4.0 kV ESI+; temperature: 325 °C



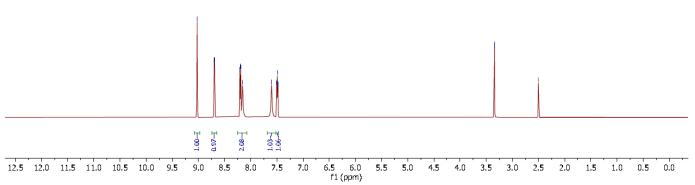
Theoretical value: 123.0558 m/z

The signal of the MS spectrum is consistent with the theoretical value and its interpretation is consistent with the structural formula.

#### <sup>1</sup>H NMR







Consistent with structure

#### **MELTING POINT**

Specification: 128 -131 °C (USP)

Mettler Toledo FP900 Thermosystem with FP81 Measuring Cell

Mean of three measurements = 130.1 °C

#### Certificate of analysis revision history:

Certificate version	Date	Reason for version
LRAD4834.01	08 June 2023	Original Release

#### Disclaimer:

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